

30 October 2025

US FOMC Meeting (28 - 29 October)

Another 25 bps cut on labour weakness; signals potential pause in December

- As widely expected, the Federal Reserve delivered another 25 basis points (bps) cut, bringing the federal funds rate to 3.75%-4.00%.
 The voting split highlighted a divided Fed: Stephan Miran favoured a larger 50 bps cut, while Jeffrey Schmid preferred no change.
- Fed speak: Subtle recalibration. The shift from "recent" to "available" data to acknowledge the lack of visibility. The key change was the decision to end securities runoff on December 1. Labour market concerns remained the primary justification for easing, even without materially new data.
- Balance sheet operations: Stabilisation mode.
 From December 1, the Fed will roll over all maturing Treasuries and reinvest mortgage-

Table 1: Policy Rates in Selected Countries

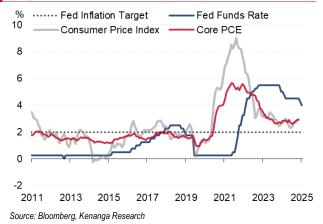
Rate (Last Change)	Country	Central Bank Interest Rate	Date
3.75% - 4.00% (-0.25%)	USA	Funds Rate Target	Oct-25
2.25% (-0.25%)	Canada	Overnight Rate	Oct-25
2.50% (-0.50%)	New Zealand	Official Cash Rate	Oct-25
4.75% (-0.25%)	Philippines	Target Reverse Repurchase	Oct-25
4.75% (-0.25%)	Indonesia	BI Rate	Sep-25
1.50% (-0.25%)	Thailand	Repo Rate	Aug-25
4.00% (-0.25%)	UK	Base Rate	Aug-25
3.60% (-0.25%)	Australia	Cash Rate	Aug-25
2.75% (-0.25%)	Malaysia	Overnight Policy Rate	Jul-25
2.00% (-0.25%)	Euro Area	Key Deposit Facility Rate	Jun-25
2.50% (-0.25%)	South Korea	Base Rate	May-25
3.00% (-0.10%)	China	Loan Prime Rate (1Y)	May-25
0.50% (+0.25%)	Japan	Overnight Call Rate	Jan-25

Source: Bloomberg, Kenanga Research

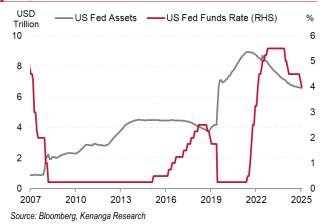
backed securities proceeds into Treasury bills. This plumbing adjustment helps steady short-term funding rates amid falling policy rates, a prudent step to keep money markets orderly.

- Press conference: Reasserting optionality. Markets had priced in a near-certain December cut (~90.0% probability pre-meeting), but Powell pushed back. He noted "strongly differing views" within the committee and stressed that another cut "is not a foregone conclusion—far from it." With limited incoming data, the Fed will "collect every scrap" before deciding. The message was clear: avoid being locked into a preset easing path. Markets trimmed the odds of another cut to about 70.0%.
- Fed policy outlook: Navigating with limited visibility. A protracted government shutdown could delay key data releases, while tariff-driven inflation adds upside price risk. Although weaker job and consumption trends support further easing, more Fed officials are now advocating to "at least wait a cycle" before the next move. We maintain our base case for one additional cut in December, followed by two cuts in 1Q26, before a pause.
- US Treasury (UST) outlook: Yields moved higher as expectations adjusted. The 10-year rose above 4.00% after Powell's remarks dampened confidence in December cut. The shift to reinvesting into Treasury bills will not significantly anchor the long end. Elevated term premia are likely to keep the 10-year yield above 4.00% in the near term.





Graph 2: Fed Balance Sheet Vs. Fed Funds Rate





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Table 2: US FOMC Tentative Meeting Schedule for 2025 / KIBB Outlook

No.	Date		KIBB Research Outlook	Fed Funds Future**	Fed Decision
1st	28 and 29 Jan	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	No change	No change	No change
2nd	18 and 19 Mar*	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No change	No change	No change
3rd	6 and 7 May	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No change	No change	No change
4th	17 and 18 Jun*	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No change	No change	No change
5th	29 and 30 Jul	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No change	No change	No change
6th	16 and 17 Sep*	$\overline{\checkmark}$	25 bps cut	25 bps cut	25 bps cut
7th	28 and 29 Oct	$\overline{\checkmark}$	25 bps cut	25 bps cut	25 bps cut
8th	9 and 10 Dec*		25 bps cut	25 bps cut	

Table 3: US FOMC Tentative Meeting Schedule for 2026 / KIBB Outlook

No.	Date	KIBB Research Outlook	Fed Funds Future**	Fed Decision
1st	27 and 28 Jan	25 bps cut	No change	
2nd	17 and 18 Mar*	25 bps cut	No change	
3rd	28 and 29 Apr	No change	25 bps cut	
4th	16 and 17 Jun*	No change	25 bps cut	
5th	28 and 29 Jul	No change	No change	
6th	15 and 16 Sep*	No change	No change	
7th	27 and 28 Oct	No change	No change	
8th	8 and 9 Dec*	No change	No change	

Source: Federal Reserve, Kenanga Research

Note: bps denotes basis points

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^{*}Meeting associated with a Summary of Economic Projections

^{**}CME Fed Rate Monitor: Based on CME Group 30-Day Fed fund futures prices (highest probability)