23 June 2025

Malaysia External Trade

Exports hit 15-month low in May; trade balance shrinks to five-year low

- Exports fell by 1.1% (Apr: 16.4%), a 15-month low and below expectations (KIBB: 4.7%; consensus: 7.5%) as exporters likely have frontloaded in April
 - MoM (-5.2%; Apr: -2.8%): fell for the second straight month, and the weakest in four months.
- Weak exports to Japan, Singapore and China and commodities related dragged overall export growth
 - By destination: weighed by weaker shipments to Japan (-25.7%; Apr: 6.8%), Singapore (-18.0%; Apr: 26.1%) and China (-4.3%; Apr: 1.7%). Meanwhile shipments to the US (16.1%; Apr: 45.6%) slowed sharply but remained at double-digit growth expansion. Nevertheless, the overall slowdown was partially mitigated by higher shipments to the EU (6.0%; Apr: 5.8%) and South Korea (22.8%; Apr: 2.0%).
 - By sector: manufacturing (-0.3%; Apr: 19.0%) contracted slightly to an eight-month low, and mining (-23.6%; Apr: -1.3%) fell sharply to a three-month low. However, the slowdown was partially capped by higher shipment of agriculture (8.3%; Apr: 3.4%) products.
 - By major product: electrical & electronic products (E&E) (7.0%; Apr: 35.3%) slowed sharply, the slowest in eight months, after April's surge. Commodities-related exports dropped sharply, such as petroleum products (-28.9%; Apr: -9.3%), liquified natural gas (LNG) (-42.2%; Apr: 6.7%) and crude petroleum (-28.9%; Apr: -8.5%).
- Imports slowed sharply to 6.6% (Apr: 20.0%), beating house forecast (2.9%), but below consensus (9.0%)
 - Drivers: re-exports slowed sharply (16.1%; Apr: 45.9%) after a surge in the previous month. Similiarly, retained imports also moderated (4.4%; Apr: 12.9%).
 - By category: broad-based slowdown, with contraction recorded in intermediate goods (-4.4%; Apr: -1.7%) and consumption goods (-1.1%; Apr: -0.4%). Meanwhile, capital goods (63.7%; Apr: 113.9%) moderated, though remained elevated.
 - MoM (-2.0%; Apr: 14.1%): contracted after a surge in the previous month.
- Trade surplus narrowed sharply to RM0.8b (Apr: RM5.1b), far below expectations (KIBB: RM12.6b; consensus: RM10.0b), and the lowest since April 2020 (-RM4.5b)
 - Meanwhile, total trade slowed to 2.6% YoY (Apr: 18.1%), a two-month low, but fell 3.6% MoM (Apr: 4.8%).
- 2025 exports forecast maintained at 3.1% (2024: 5.7%) following a minor revision last month
 - Outlook: Exports grew 5.5% in the first five months of this year (versus Jan-Apr: 7.3%), ahead of the full-year forecast. Although May's exports data underwhelmed, we expect the dip to be short-lived with a likely rebound in June. However, growth will stay volatile in the near term due to the July reciprocal tariff deadline. Nevertheless, we see continued support from the global tech upcycle, driven by AI-related demand, new product launches, and Malaysia's export diversification.
 - Risks: Trump's tariffs and policy uncertainty remain the biggest threats to global growth and trade outlook. While
 a positive outcome with the US is possible, higher tariffs are expected to remain and may weigh on export demand
 from 2H25 onwards. Therefore, we remain cautious due to the delayed impact of Trump's tariffs and its policy
 unpredictability.
 - GDP Outlook: We maintain our 2025 GDP growth forecast at 4.3% (2024: 5.1%). Domestic demand and services
 sector are expected to stay resilient despite global economic uncertainty. However, persistent weakness in the
 commodity-related sector will continue to weigh on growth momentum.



May-25

		2021	2022	2023	2024	May-24	Dec-24	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-25
Total Trade	%YoY	24.9	27.6	-7.3	9.1	10.1	14.5	3.1	5.9	2.2	18.1	2.6
Trade Balance	RM bil	253.7	256.2	215.2	136.8	10.0	19.1	3.7	12.6	24.8	5.1	0.8
Exports	%YoY	26.1	24.9	-8.0	5.7	7.1	16.9	0.3	6.2	6.8	16.4	-1.1
	%MoM					11.6	9.6	-11.3	-3.7	16.1	-2.8	-5.2
Manufacturing	%YoY	25.7	22.4	-6.9	5.9	8.1	18.5	0.5	8.8	8.9	19.0	-0.3
	Shr	86.1	84.2	85.3	85.5	86.2	84.6	84.8	85.7	86.9	86.7	86.9
Agriculture	%YoY	36.8	23.3	-21.8	11.7	21.9	28.9	10.9	27.3	5.3	3.4	8.3
	Shr	7.9	7.8	6.6	7.0	7.1	7.7	7.4	7.3	6.0	6.3	7.7
Mining	%YoY	20.6	67.0	-10.0	-2.6	-17.2	-5.1	-12.3	-33.0	-16.4	-1.3	-23.6
	Shr	5.7	7.6	7.4	6.8	6.0	7.1	6.9	6.1	6.4	6.1	4.6
Others	%YoY	11.4	51.5	26.8	15.3	-6.8	-24.6	26.9	3.3	-0.2	8.2	-19.0
	Shr	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.7
Imports	%YoY	23.3	31.0	-6.4	13.2	13.4	11.9	6.2	5.5	-2.9	20.0	6.6
	%MoM					10.4	7.3	-0.2	-11.4	6.5	14.1	-2.0
Capital	%YoY	14.4	15.8	7.1	29.6	40.3	41.3	45.6	35.3	-19.4	113.9	63.7
	Shr	10.5	9.3	10.6	12.2	11.8	14.5	16.7	13.1	11.6	18.3	18.0
Intermediate	%YoY	27.2	29.5	-12.2	20.7	23.4	1.5	3.4	5.7	-0.6	-1.7	-4.4
	Shr	55.3	54.6	51.2	54.6	57.7	51.1	51.0	55.6	52.4	45.3	51.8
Consumption	%YoY	13.2	24.0	0.1	12.8	14.8	11.5	-2.6	7.6	3.7	-0.4	-1.1
	Shr	8.5	8.0	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.4	8.6	8.6	7.6	8.0

Table 1: Malaysia External Trade Growth Trend

*Shr = share to total exports or imports,

Source: Dept. of Statistics preliminary release, Kenanga Research

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